

HALMAI, Janos, dr.

Production of medicinal herbs. Gyogyszerez 9 no. 6:113-114 Je '54.
(PLANTS
*medicinal, prod.)

HAIMAI, J.

New medicinal plant extracts in the Soviet Union. Gyogyszeresz 8 no.5:
(CML 25:1)
86-87 1 May 1953.

1. Doctor. 2. Leonurus cardiaca.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

HALMAI, J.

The rose hip. Gyogyszerez 8 no. 4:80 1 Apr 1953. (CLML 24:3)

1. Doctor.

HALMI, Gyorgy, munkapszichologus

Selection of relay adjusters on the basis of aptitude tests.
Finommechanika 1 no.9:281-282 S '62.

1. Beloiznnisz Hiradastechnikai Gyar.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

HALMI, F.

HALMI, F. The section of the Magyar enciklopédia (Hungarian Encyclopedia)
dealing with mechanics and precision processing is in preparation. . . 195.

Vol. 7, No. 10, Oct. 195 .

CIP.

TECHNOLGY

Budapest, Hungary

See: Int. European Accession, Vol. 5, No. 1, May 1956

3

HUNGARY

HOTOVY, Eleonora, Dr., LOSONCI, Andras, Dr., LAKOS, János, Dr., KISS, Béla, Dr., KOCSIS, Ferenc, Dr., HALMAGYI, Margit, SOMOGYI, György, Dr.; Korvin Otto Hospital, II. Medical Ward and Radiology (Korvin Otto Kórház, II. Belosztaly es Röntgenosztaly), and Medical University of Budapest, II. Medical Clinic (Budapesti Orvostudományi Egyetem, II. Belklinika).

"A Surgically Corrected Case of Hypertension Caused by Fibromuscular Hyperplasia of the Renal Artery."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 108, No 10, 5 Mar 67, pages 464-466.

Abstract: The case of an 18 year old patient is described. Although the usual clinical examinations furnished no indication of a possible renovascular origin of the hypertension, the age of the patient led to further studies culminating in the correct diagnosis and rehabilitation of the patient. The problems involved in similar cases are discussed and some diagnostic guide lines are presented in the article. 3 Hungarian, 15 Western references.

FRANCE

SOMOGYI, Gyula, Dr. M.D., ~~Professor~~, Institute of Radiology, Faculty of Medicine, Budapest, Dr. HOTTON, Eleonora, Dr. M.D., ~~Associate Professor~~, Institute of Radiology, Faculty of Medicine, Budapest, Dr. MEDICAL Clinic (Department of Urology), Budapest, Dr. KORN, Dr. M.D., Department of Radiology, Faculty of Medicine, Budapest, Dr. ORVOSBUDOMATOLOGY Faculty, Dr. PEGEL, Dr. M.D., Department of Radiology, Faculty of Medicine, Budapest, Dr. MEDICAL Ward (Korvin Otto Rothan, Dr. M.D., Department of Radiology, Faculty of Medicine, Budapest)

"The Clinical Value of Renography"

Budapest, Orszaki Klinikai, Vol 103, No 10, June 1964, pp 107-112.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary:] On the basis of our own experience, renography is considered to be a valuable method in the diagnosis of renal diseases. It can be used in all cases of renal disease, and it is a safe, non-invasive process. It is simple to perform, comfortable for the patient, non-painful and as well reproducible without any special examination. The following information can be obtained with renography: 1) kidney function on either side separately; 2) the glomerular filtration rate and the renal blood supply. Furthermore, it is possible to determine

Romania

2

holov, Mihai, Dr., Mihai, Lili, Dr., Mihai, Oana, Mr., Mihai, James, Dr., Mihai, Magdal, Mihai, Mihai, Dr., Mihai, Mihai, Dr., Marvin Otto Hospital, II, Medical Ward and Radiology, Institute of Surgery, II, Belozsaly or Rontgenosztaly, and Medical University of Budapest, II, Medical Clinic (Budapest Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, II, Belklinika).

"Role of the Urine Volume, Hypertension and Renal Function in Suspected to Have Gravidell Type Renal Disease."

Budapest, December 19, 1981, Dr. Mihai Mihai, 47 years old.

Abstract: "Urinary hypertension caused by different diseases can manifest as a rise of the percentage of the excreted urine volume which is calculated in 104 hypertensive patients. The quantitative analysis of clinical data and the results of pyelography, radiotomography and the separate examination of renal function - were compared with the results of serial nephrography performed on every patient. It is well known that the urinogenous symptoms provide no proof of the presence of a disease, but they can indicate their presence due to the nature of the patients' body. In our opinion, therefore, the presence of Gravidell type of renal disease in hypertensive patients can be diagnosed with a relatively high degree of probability in many cases. Since angiography cannot be used in all cases, we can conclude that it is probably that a special nephrography can be used in the diagnosis of a patient with 80% proteinuria and a 10% increase in the excreted urine volume difference."

L. Kovach et al.

KOVACH, A.G.B.; FONYO, A.; HALMAGYI, M.

Acetylcholine content of the brain in traumatic shock. Acta physiol.
hung. 13 no.1:1-4 1957.

1. Institute of Physiology, Medical University, Budapest.

(SHOCK, exper.

eff. on brain acetylcholine content in rats)

(ACETYLCHOLINE, determ.

in brain following shock in rats)

(BRAIN, physiol.

eff. of shock on acetylcholine content in rats)

HALMAGYI, Iuliu; NICULOIU, Ion, Ing.

Movement of inventions and innovations in Rumania. Probleme econ
17 no.1:152-153 Ja '64.

1. Inger sef, Uzinele chimice Risnov (for Halmagyi). 2. Seful
serviciului tehnic, Uzinole chimice Risnov (for Niculoiu).

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 18 Vol 3/2 Cardio. Dis. Feb 59

554. *The effect of serpasil on the pulmonary circulation in pulmonary hypertension*. HALMÁGYI D., Serpasil hatása a kisvérkői keringésre pulmonális hypertensióban. HALMÁGYI D., FELKAI B., CZIPOFF Z. and Kovács G. Szegedi Orvostud. Egyet. I Sz. Belgyógyászatt. Klin. Közl., Szeged Mag. belorr. Arch. 1957, 10, 5-6 (173 - 176) Graphs 3 Tables 1

A study was made of the effect of 1 mg. reserpine on the pulmonary circulation of patients suffering from pulmonary hypertension. In cases of stenosis of the left venous ostium, the pressure and the total and arteriolar resistance of the pulmonary artery were found to decrease. There were no appreciable changes of the pulmonary capillary pressure, or of the systemic arterial pressure and resistance. In one case of ventricular septal defect complicated by pulmonary hypertension the pressure and the resistance of the pulmonary artery decreased by about 50%. The reserpine failed to influence the systemic arterial pressure and the resistance in the patients studied; however, these values were normal in all cases. The drug only decreased the pressure and resistance of the pulmonary circulation, in other words, it exerted its action in that region of the circulatory system where there existed a vasoconstriction. In view of the fact that serpasil can be taken orally and is well tolerated, it should be investigated whether its systematic application in cases of pulmonary hypertension might be of therapeutic significance. (XVIII, 6)

HAIMAGYI, D.; KOVACS, B.; NEUMANN, P.; KENEZ, I.

Role of the adrenal gland in the mechanism of the inhibiting effect
of lobeline in chloropicrin induced pulmonary edema. Kiserletes
orvostud. 9 no.3:283-289 July 57.

1. A szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. Belgyogyaszati Klinikaja,
Gyogyszertani Intezete es a Magyar Nephadsereg Egyeszzsegugyi Szolgatala.
(LOBELINE, eff.

protective eff. in chloropicrin induced pulm. edema in
rats, eff. of adrenalectomy (Hun))

(CHLOROPICRIN, tox.

induction of pulm. edema in rats, protective eff. of
lobeline & influence of adrenalectomy (Hun))

(PULMONARY EDEMA, exper.

chloropicrin induced, protective eff. of lobeline &
influence of adrenalectomy in rats (Hun))

(ADRENALECTOMY, exper.

eff. on lobeline protection in chloropicrin induced pulm.
edema in rats (Hun))

HALMAGYI, D. E.

number of 01-02

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 18 Vol. 2/6 Cardio June 58

1896. *Clinical physiology of the lung circulation* Die klinische Physiologie des kleinen Kreislaufs. HALMAGYI D. E. J. Med. Univ.-Klin., Szeged VEB Gustav Fischer Verlag (Jena) 1957 (252 pages) Graphs 22 Illus. 23

General views on the anatomy, physiology and pathology of the lung circulation, making full use of the international literature up to 1956 (1,639 citations). The clinical part treats, in detail, pulmonary hypertension and cor pulmonale, as well as the congenital heart diseases, mitral stenosis and mitral insufficiency.

Ludwig - Basle

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

1089 Protocol 1090 of tocoline in experimental pulmonary edema. J. Hundersig, A. Tsvetan, Peter Novakay, and S. Kepes
Transl. from "Zdravookhranenie", 1976, No. 10, p. 101 (in Dept. of Med.
Univ. Med. St. Petersburg, Hungary). Pulmonary edema was induced in dogs by plasma loss by exsanguination, high doses of isoproterenol, epinephrine, norepinephrine, atropine, and histamine. High doses of isocaine eliminated the symptoms of lung water and edema. V. D. Laskin.

Halmagyi, D.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.18 Vol.1/4 Cardiovascular Apr 57

1120. HALMÁGYI D., FELKAI B., SÖVÉNYI E., WEBER A., CZIPOTT Z., KOVÁCS G. and STEINER B. Kardiol. Abt., I. Med. Univ.-Klin., Szeged (Ungarn). Der kleine Kreislauf bei essentieller Lungenhämosiderose *The pulmonary circulation in essential haemosiderosis of the lung* Z. KreislForsch. 1956, 45:1-2 (40-47) Tables 1 Illus. 4

In 2 such cases, the pressure and resistance in the pulmonary circulation were examined with the aid of heart catheterization. In one of the cases, the pressure and resistance were found to be normal, in the other case they were increased. Pulmonary hypertension is not a cause, but rather a possible result of idiopathic haemosiderosis of the lung. In the first case, a severe disturbance of the iron metabolism was established. (VI, 18)

HALMAGYI, D.dr.,; FALKAI, B.dr.,; KOVACS, G.,dr.,; CZIPIOTT, Z.dr.,;
SOVENYI, E.,dr.

Simultaneous occurrence of Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome, and
congenital, isolated, pulmonary stenosis. Orv. hetil. 96 no.42:
1172-1173 16 Oct 55.

1. A Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. sz. Belgyogyaszati Klinika ja
(igazgato: Hetenyi Geza dr. Akademikus) Szivbetegosztalyanak
kozlemenye.

(HEART BLOCK

Wolff-Parkinson-White synd. with congen. isolated
pulm. stenosis)

(PULMONARY STENOSIS

congen., isolated, with Wolff-Parkinson-White synd.)

HALMAGYI, Denes, dr.

Improvement cardiac catheterization; clinical indications, techniques,
and hazards. Orv. hetil. 96 no.21:571-576 22 May 55.

1. A Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. Belklinikajának közleménye.
(HEART,
catheterization)

HALMAGYI, D.,; FELKAI, B.,; SOVENYI, E.,; WEBER, A.,; CZIPOTT, Z.,;
KOVACS, G.,; STEINER, B.

Pulmonary circulation in essential pulmonary hemosiderosis. Magy.
belorv. arch. 8 no.6:188-191 Dec. 55

1. A szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. Belklinikaja (igaz: Hetenyi
Geza dr. akademikus) Szivbetegosztalyanak kozl.

(HEMOCHROMATOSIS

hemosiderosis, essential pulm., pulm. circ. in,
relation to hypertension (Hun))

(BLOOD CIRCULATION

pulm., in essential pulm. hemosiderosis (Hun))

(HYPERTENSION

pulm., relation to essential pulm. Hemosiderosis (Hun))

HALMAGYI, D.,; FELKAI, B.,; IVANYI, J.,; PINTER, I.,; SZUCS, S.,; ZSOTER, T.,

Effect of vagotomy on pulmonary oedema induced by massive intravascular infusions in the dog. Acta med. hung. 8 no.3-4:261-276 1955

1. Ist and 2nd departments of medicine, university medical school,
Szeged, Hungary.

(LUNGS, diseases,
exper. edema, eff. of vagotomy)

(EDEMA, experimental,
lungs, eff. of vagotomy)

(NERVES, VAGUS, surgery,
exper. vagotomy in edema of lungs)

HALMÁGYI, D.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.2 Vol.9/8 Physiology, etc. Aug56

3516. HALMÁGYI D., FELKAY B., IVÁNYI J., ZSÓTER T. and SZÜCS Zs.
Szegedi Orvostudományi Egyetem I. és II. Belgyógyászati Klin. *Adatok
a kísérletes, nem-haemodynamikai tüdővizenyő physiologijához. Phy-
siology of experimental non-haemodynamic pulmonary

oedema KISÉRL. ORVOSTUD. 1955, 7/8 (563-568) Graphs 4 Tables 1
In the dog, α -naphthylthiourea (I) causes dilution of the blood, increase of the thio-
cyanate space and depression of renal function. In the 4 experiments performed,
increased protein content of the pulmonary oedema fluid was observed in only 2.
The arterial pressure was considerably lowered and the A-V oxygen difference in-
creased, but the oedema was independent of these factors. The pressure in the
lesser circulation was not influenced by I. The mechanism of I-induced pulmonary
oedema cannot be completely explained. On 2 occasions it was possible to observe

accidental pulmonary oedema in dogs; this could not be accounted for by circulatory
or permeability changes.
From authors' summary

HALMAGYI, D.,; FELKAI, B.,; IVANYI, J.,; ZSOTER, T.,; SZUCS, Ts.,;
PINTKE, I.

Pathogenesis of pulmonary edema, caused by infusion, in healthy
and in vagotomized dogs. Kiserletes orvostud. 7 no.5:457-468
Sept 55.

1. Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. es II. Belgyogyaszati
Klinikaja.

(EDEMA, experimental
pulm., caused by infusion in healthy & vagotomized
dogs)

(LUNGS, diseases
edema, exper., caused by infusion in healthy &
vagotomized dogs)

(INFUSION, PARANORMAL, injurious effects
pulm. edema, exper., in healthy & vagotomized dogs,
relation to blood pressure)

(NERVES, VAGUS, surgery
vagotomy, exper., relation to infusion-induced pulm.
edema, eff. on blood pressure)

HALMAGYI, D.,; ROBICSMK, F.,; FELKAI, B.,; IVANYI, J.,; ZSOTER, T.,;
SZUCS, Zs.;Technischer Assistent: K. Szeitz.

Experimental chronic right cardiac insufficiency in dogs. Acta med.
hung. 7 no.3-4:405-420 1955

1. I. und II. Medizinische Universitätsklinik, Szeged, und Klinik
für Chirurgische Fortbildung der Medizinischen Universität,
Budapest.

(TRICUSPID VALVE, diseases,
exper. insuff.)

HALMAGYI, D.,; ROBICSNK, F.,; FEIKAI, B.,; ZSOTER, T.,; IVANYI, J.

Effect of experimental mitral insufficiency on lesser blood circulation in dog. Kiserletes orvostud. 7 no.1:25-35 Jan 55.

1. Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. es II. Belklinikaja es Budapesti Orovostudomanyi Egyetem Sebesztovabbkezpo Klinikaja.

(MITRAL VALVE, diseases

insuff., exper., eff. on pulm. blood circ. in dogs)

(BLOOD CIRCULATION

pulm., eff. of exper. insuff. on mitral valve in dogs)

HALMAGYI, Denes, dr.

Certain problems in the clinical physiology of cardiac insufficiency.
Orv. hetil. 95 no.41:1109-1120 10 Oct 54.

1. A Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. Belklinikajának (igazgató:
Hetenyi Geza dr.) kozlemenye.
(CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE, physiol.)

Halmagyi
Excerpta Medica Sec 6 Internal Medicine Vol. 9/6 June 55

Heart failure

3658. HALMÁGYI D., 1. inn. Klin., med. Univ., Szeged. *Über einige Fragen der klinischen Physiologie der chronischen Herzinsuffizienz. Some problems of the clinical physiology of chronic heart failure Z. ARZTL. FORTB. 1954, 48/10 (325-337) Graphs 10 Illus. 1

HALMAGYI, D.; ROBICSEK, F.; FELKAI, B.; IVANYI, J.; ZSOTER, T.; SZUCS, Zs.;
TENYI, M.

Small circulation in experimental pulmonary stenosis. Kiserletes
orvostud. 6 no.3:230-238 May 54.

1. Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. es. II. Belklinikaja es a
Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Sebesztovabbkepzo Klinikaja.
(PULMONARY STENOSIS, experimental,
pulm. circ. in)
(LUNGS, blood supply,
circ. in exper. pulm. stenosis)

HALMAGYI, D.; ROBICSEK, F.; FEIKAI, B.; ZSOTER, T.; IVANYI, J.; SZUCS, Zs.;
TOMTT, M.

Studies on experimental tricuspid insufficiency in dogs.
Kiserletes orvostud. 6 no.3:220-230 May 54.

1. Szegedi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I. és II. Belklinikaja és
Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Sebesztovobbkepso Klinikaja.
(TRICUSPID VALVE, diseases,
exper. insuff. in dogs)

HALMAGYI, D.; ROBICSEK, F.; FELKAI, B.; ZSOTER, T.; IVANYI, J.

The lesser circulation in experimental mitral regurgitation. Acta med. hung. 6 no.1-2:177-188 1954.

1. 1st and 2nd Departments of Medicine, University Medical School, Szeged and Postgraduate Department of Surgery, University Medical School, Budapest.

(MITRAL VALVE, dis.

insuff., exper., eff. on pulm, circ. in dogs) ;
(BLOOD CIRCULATION

pulm., eff. of exper. mitral insuff. in dogs)

HALMAGYI, D.; ROBICSEK, F. (ROBICHEK, F.); FELKAI, B.; ZSOTER, T.; IVANYI, J.
TENYI, M.; SZUCS, Zs. (SIUCH^o, Zh.); SZMITZ, K., technical assistant

Studies on experimental tricuspidal insufficiency in dogs. Acta
med. hung. 5 no.3-4:347-361 1954.

1. Drs. Halmagyi, Felkai, Ivanyi, Szucs, and Tenyi are members of
the staff of the First Department of Medicine, University Medical
School, Szeged; Dr. Robicsek is a member of the staff of the
Postgraduate Department of Surgery (Postgraduate Surgical Clinic),
University Medical School, Budapest; Dr. Zsoter of the Second
Department of Medicine, Szeged.

(TRICUSPID VALVE, diseases

*exper. insuff. in dogs after removal of casps, hemodynamics)

HALMAGYI, D.; ROBICSEK, F.; FELKAI, B.; IVANYI, J.; ZSOTER, T.;
SZUCS, Zs.; TENYI, M.; SZEITZ, K., technical assistant

Pulmonary circulation in experimental pulmonary stenosis. Acta
med. hung. 5 no.3-4:335-345 1954.

1. Drs. Halmagy, Felkai, Ivanyi, Szucs, and Tenyi are members of
the staff of the First Department of Medicine, University Medical
School, Szeged; Dr. Robicsek is a member of the staff of the
Postgraduate Department of Surgery (Postgraduate Surgical Clinic),
University Medical School, Budapest; Dr. Zsoter of the Second
Department of Medicine, Szeged.

(PULMONARY STENOSIS, exper.

pulm. arteriolar resist. & pressure)
(LUNGS, blood supply

arteriolar resist. & pressure in exper. pulm. stenosis)
(BLOOD CIRCULATION

pulm., in exper. pulm. stenosis)

HALMAGYI, D.; IVANYI, J.; FELKAI, B.

Neurogenic regulation of the venous pressure increased in chronic heart insufficiency. Orv. hetil. 93 no. 43:1224-1228 26 Oct 1952. (CLML 23:5)

1. Doctors. 2. First Internal Clinic, Szeged Medical University.

HAIMAGYI, D.; FELKAI, B.; IVANYI, J.

Eosinopenia in chronic congestive heart failure; its mechanism and significance. Acta med. hung. 3 no.2:251-258 1952. (CIML 23:4)

1. Of the First Department of Medicine of Szeged University.

HAIMAGYI, D.; IVANYI, J.; FELKAI, B.; ZSOTER, T.; TENYI, M.; SZUCS, Z.

~~Effect of dihydroergotamine and hydergine on the lesser circulation in man.~~ Magy. belorv. arch. 5 no.4:160-163 Dec 1952. (CIML 25:5)

1. Doctors. 2. First Internal Clinic (Director -- Prof. Dr. Geza Hetenyi) and Second Internal Clinic (Director -- Prof. Dr. Gabor Czoniczer) of Szeged Medical University.

HALMAGYI, D.; IVANYI, J.; FELKAI, B.

Role of the pituitary-adrenal system in the pathomechanism of
congestive heart failure. II Mechanism of eosinopenia in
decompensation. Orv. hetil., Budap. 92 no.35:1125-1129
2 Sept 1951. (CIML 21:1)

1. Doctors. 2. Internal Diseases Clinic (Director -- Prof. Dr.
Geza Hetenyi), Szeged Medical University.

HILNAYI, L. 1951

(Med. Univ. Elin. Szeged)

"Actual Renal Threshold".

Schweiz. Med. Wschr., 1951 81/35(840-842)
Art.: Krc. Med. 11, Vol. 5, No. 4, p. 480

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

CA H.H.L.M. YI, D.

11F

Intrapulmonary lactic acid oxidation in man D. Halász, A. Reinbold, B. Felkai, J. Iványi, and K. Székely

(Univ. Szeged, Hung.) *Klin. Wochscr.* 20, 219-20 (1951). In tests carried out on persons in a resting condition, a loss of lactic acid was observed in the blood during passage through the lungs. Dorit L. Noether

HALMAGYI, D.; FELKAI, B.; IVANYI, J.; KAROLY, S.

Role of the central nervous system in the pathomechanism of chronic congestive heart failure; the effect of sleep on the hemodynamics of congestive heart failure. Magy. belorv. arch. 4 no.3:117-119 1951.

(CLML 21:1)

1. All doctors, except Szeitz, Technician. 2. First Internal Clinic (Head--Prof.Dr.Geza Hetenyi), Szeged Medical University.

H A L M A G Y I D

HALMAGYI, D.; FELKAI, B.; HETENYI, G.; IVANYI, J.; SZEITZ, K.

Effect of sodium nitrite in acute cardiac insufficiency. Magy.
belorv. arch. 4 no.2:60-62 1951. (CLML 20:11)

1. Doctors, except Szeitz, Technician. 2. Internal Diseases
Clinic (Director -- Prof. Dr. Geza Hetenyi) and Institute of
Physiology (Director -- Prof. Dr. Bela Issekutz) of Szeged
University.

H A L M A G Y I D

HALMAGYI, D.; FELKAI, B.; IVANYI, J.; HETENYI, G.; SZEITZ, K.

Investigations on the role of the nervous system in the pathomechanism of acute heart insufficiency. II. Effect of ergotamine derivatives on vascular pressure. Magy. belorv. arch. 4 no.2:56-60 1951.

1. Doctors except Szeitz, Technician. 2. Internal Diseases Clinic (Director -- Prof. Dr. Geza Hetenyi) and Institute of Physiology (Director -- Prof. Dr. Bela Issekutz) of Szeged University.

Halmagy, D.

HALMAGYI, D.; FELKAI, B.; IVANYI, J.; SZEITZ, K.

Clinical significance of heart catheterization in examination
of heart insufficiency. Magy. belorv. arch. 4 no.2:49-55 1951.
(CIML 20:11)

1. Doctors, except Szeitz, Technician. 2. Internal Diseases
Clinic (Director — Prof. Dr. Geza Hetenyi), Szeged University.

RALMAGYI, D. 1951

(Path. Anat. Inst: Med. Klin. U. of Szeged)

"Histochimical Research on the Tubule System of the Kidney."

Acta Physiol. (Budapest), 1951 2/1 suppl (37)
No abst. in Exc. Med.

CA HALMAYI, D.

11F

Mathematical integration of renal chloride excretion.
Equation of the effect of the postpituitary hormone.
Lajos Halmayi (Univ. Szeged, Hung.). *Acta Med. Scand.* 137, 181 (1950). Renal Cl excretion depends upon the amt. of urine, and this correlation is expressed mathematically in an equation: $v = 0.0002 c + 0.155$ (1) and $c = v - 0.155/0.0002$ (2), where c = mg. Cl excreted per min., v = ml. urine per min. In this manner the integration of renal Cl excretion under normal conditions became possible, and since the validity of the equations depends upon the presence of posterior pituitary hormone, it can be considered as an equation of the hormone effect. S. Morgulis

14 MAY 1962

Renal glycosuria caused by β -aminosalicylic acid. Preliminary report. Endo, Kishimoto and Iggle. (J. Urol. 89: 2063-1963). Renal glycosuria was observed after treatment by β -aminosalicylic acid and by β -aminobenzoic acid. No glycosuria could be observed after taking β -aminobenzenesulfonamide or N-hydroxybenzoate. Probably the simultaneous presence of both amino groups and benzene radical is necessary to cause glycosuria. Taken finally.

HALMAYI, L.

62

The cause of hypochloruria characteristic of kidney disturbances of gravid women. Dómes Halmayi and Lajos Zelenka. *Médecine et Maladie*, 1957 (1918). Study of 7 women suffering from disturbances of kidney function associated with pregnancy and of 2 healthy women showed that in cases of excretion the ratio of Cl excreted per min. was 0.01 8% of the total Cl filtered per min. This ratio was 0.20 35% for other pregnant women and 2.20 7% for healthy women. In these disturbances of kidney function there is probably an increase of tubular reabsorption of Cl. Istvan Kende

11G

100%
ACC NR: AP6030342

SOURCE CODE: RU/R/.../65/016/003/125/0133
35

AUTHOR: Hoffmann, V.; Cristea, I.; Halmagy, I.; Apostol, E.

ORG: none
B

TITLE: Recovery of the sensible heat of reaction gases in the manufacturing of acetylene

SOURCE: Revista de chimie, v. 16, no. 3, 1965, 125-133

TOPIC TAGS: acetylene, natural gas, ethylene, hydrocarbon, methane, oxidation

ABSTRACT: The authors discuss the preparation of acetylene from natural gases by electric arc cracking and by partial oxidation, with special attention to the best possible utilization of the energy consumed during these processes. Some data are given for a method allowing the partial recovery of some of this energy, namely the injection of additional liquid hydrocarbons into the hot cracked gases, yielding an additional quantity of acetylene plus ethylene. The data were obtained in a semi-industrial Rumanian installation for electrothermic methane cracking. This work was carried out at Chemical Plant, Risnov. Orig. art. has: 13 figures and 13 formulas. [Based on authors' Eng. abst.] [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07, 21 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 003 / SOV REF: 001
OTH REF: 002

m1
Cord 1/1

0918 1065

2
1974. (Information and discussions) Contribution to the study of the
electrochemical energy storage systems (in Russian). In: *Energy*,
1974, No. 1, p. 10-13. (See also: 1974, No. 1, p. 14-17.)

Results of studies of the electrochemical storage system are
presented and compared with other systems (battery,
fuel cell, etc.). Characteristics and advantages and disadvantages
of different systems are discussed. Reference is made
to publications by G. A. Krasov, Yu. G. Goryain, S. V. Kalinin, S.
Kanimer, I. L. Lebedeva, T. Mirek, V. V. Mihailov.

J. Polivka, USA

Army

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PLM 1010, M
Completely forward of the state of similar tubes designed
to withstand impact of 57 mm. grain calib.
at impact velocity of 1600 ft/sec. 14.0 mil. wall
thickness. Total weight - 4.1 lbs. J. Polymers USA
Patent Pending

2. Although the Chinese in 1958 and 1959 had no significant industrial base, they did have a large number of standardized industrial components which were available at reasonable prices. This was due to the fact that the Chinese economy, though highly centralized, had been able to import a large amount of equipment from the Soviet Union. In 1958, the Chinese imported \$1.5 billion worth of machinery and equipment, and in 1959, \$1.7 billion. This equipment was used to build up the Chinese industrial base, which by 1960 had reached a total value of \$10 billion. The Chinese also imported a large amount of raw materials, particularly coal, iron, and steel, which were used to produce their own industrial products. The Chinese also produced a large amount of industrial products, particularly coal, iron, and steel, which were used to produce their own industrial products.

	Current price in yuan	Previous year percentage	Previous year yuan
Industrial output (in billions of yuan)	10.0	3.4	9.6
Industrial output (in billions of yuan)	9.0	2.2	8.8
Industrial output (in billions of yuan)	8.0	0.3	7.9

HALMAGIU, M.; SCRIPCA, L.

HALMAGIU, M.; SCRIPCA, L. Contributions to the study of certain anchorings of reinforcements with subsequent tension for the prestressing of betons. P. 450

Vol. 4, No. 8, August 1956

ELECTROTEHNICA

TECHNOLOGY

Bucuresti

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 3, March 1957

Halmachi, Dr.

SCHULZ, Tibor, Dr.; WEISS, Jeno, Dr.; HALMACHI, Virgil, Dr.

Clinical significance of mycids. Bergyogy. vener. szemle 11 no.6:
220-225 Nov-Dec 57.

1. A Sibiu--Nagyszebeni Egyesitett Bergyogyaszati Korhaz (Igazgato:
Dr. Schulz Tibor) kozlemenye.
(RINGWORM
mycids, clin. significance (Hun))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

~~SECRET~~

Keying cold and off the exterior.

p. 33 (Revised Transcription. Vol. I, tr. 1, p. 33. 11/17. Second, or 1st?)

Pentagon Index of Land Interpretation according to W.M.C. (Vol. II, p. 42)
Reference of 1/17

H-13d

RUMANIA/Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and Their Application, Part 2. - Ceramics, Glass, Binders, Concretes. - Binders, Concretes and Other Silicate Building Materials.

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 10, 1958, 33368.

requirements presented to initial materials used for the asphalt preparation are enumerated, and the technology of asphalt surface construction is presented.

Card : 2/2

//

HAL MAGHI, E:

H-13d

RUMANIA/Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and Their Application, Part 2. - Ceramics, Glass, Binders, Concretes. - Binders, Concretes and Other Silicate Building Materials.

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 10, 1958, 33368.

Author : O. Halmaghi.

Inst : Not Given.

Title : Technology of Asphalt Surface Construction.

Orig Pub: Rev. transp., 1957, 4, No 2, 70-75.

Abstract: Subif is a fine dispersion of bitumen in milk of lime containing $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ in colloid state. The technology of preparation of cold asphalt mixtures based on subif is described. These mixtures are widely applied for the construction of rural roads in Rumania. The

Card : 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

HALMACHI, O.

HALMACHI, O. Use of the suspension of bitumen filler in road-modernization work. p. 386

Vol. 3, no. 10, October 1956
REVISTA TRANSPORTURILOR

TECHNOLOGY

Bucuresti, Rumania

So: East European Accession, Vol. 7, no. 3, March 1957

HALM, Tibor, dr.

Occupational ear-nose-throat injuries associated with flying.
Fulorrgegegyogyszat 9 no.3:121-130 S '63.

(AVIATION MEDICINE) (ACOUSTIC TRAUMA)
(NOISE) (LABYRINTH DISEASES)
(MOTION SICKNESS) (ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE)

Halm,

E ALM, Tibor, dr., az orvostudományok kandidátusa

For what did Gyorgy Békésy win a Nobel prize; new achievements in the physiology of hearing. Elet tud 16 no.49:1544-1547 3 D '61.

HALM, T.

Breathing apparatus used during altitude flights. Pt. 2. p. 15.

Bylaws of county and Budapest aero clubs of the Hungarian Voluntary Defense
Twin-engined jet propulsion Soviet delta. p. (3) of cover.
Federation. p. 16. Bylaws of aero clubs published. p. 17.

REFLEX, Vol. 8, No. 8, May 1955

(Fagyar Opikontes Honvedelmi Szovetseg) Budapest

SOURCE: EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS LIST Vol. 5, No. 1 September, 1956

HALM, T.

Breathing apparatus used during altitude flights. (To be contd.) p. 12,
REPULES, (Magyar Onkentes Honvedelmi Szovetseg) Vol. 8, No. 8,
Apr. 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress,
Vol. 4, No. 12, December 1955

KRYL, R., Dr.; PRASLOVA, F., Dr.; HALLOVA, D., Dr., Statisticke zpracovani
vysledku provedl Ing.; RADKOVSKI, O.

Serological and clinical comparison of whooping cough vaccines.
Cesk. pediat. 11 no.9:664-669 Sept 56.

1. Klinika infekcnich nemoci v Praze na Bulovce Biogena n. p.
(VACCINES AND VACCINATIONS,
whooping cough vaccines, comparison (Cz))
(WHOOPING COUGH, prev. & control
vaccines, comparison (Cz))

KRYL, R., Dr.; JEDLICKOVA, Z., Dr.; HALLOVA, D., Dr.; MAGROVA, Fr., J.;
RIHOVA, M., Dr., a ved. krouzek posluchacu LFH; BINDAS, B;
HELCL, J.; PUR, J.; TRISKA, J.; VACKOVA, J.

Experiences with out-patient therapy of whooping cough with
chloramphenicol. Cesk. pediat. 11 no.9:652-659 Sept 56.

1. Klinika infekcnich nemoci v Praze na Bulovce Bakteriol.-
serolog. oddeleni Bulovky, prednosta doc. Vlad. Wagner.
(WHOOPING COUGH, ther.

chloramphenicol, out-patient ther. (Cz))

(CHLORAMPHENICOL, ther. use

whooping cough, out-patient ther. (Cz))

(OUT-PATIENT SERVICES

in whooping cough, chloramphenicol ther. (Cz))

1-157-1

driving hollow concrete sheet piles into
the ground. Positioning of the piles
is determined by the site conditions.

The driving of heavy-duty concrete sheet piles have
been used in many areas where the soil is positioned cold,
dry, or very dry. In such areas, the second
method of driving is recommended. The water
is applied to the bottom of the pile to prevent crack
formation. Hollow sheet piles have been pre-
pared for driving. Hollow sheet piles have been
driven into the ground at a rate of $0.10 \times 0.17 \times 6.0$ m.
The driving force at the two ends adds increased
resistance to the pile. The pile can be driven 2 to 3 times.
The driving resistance can be varied depending on
the type of pile. Hollow piles having a cross section of
 0.10×0.17 m. have been driven to an average
rate of $0.10 \times 0.17 \times 6.0$ m. per sec. into
the ground at a rate of $0.10 \times 0.17 \times 6.0$ m. per sec. velocity. In some
cases, the driving resistance of the pile is not sufficient
to withstand the load resistance so that additional loads
are required. In such cases, it may be required 2 or 3
times the driving resistance to overcome the soil structure.
Driving operations can be prevented by using a
velocity.

MT

I 13147-66

ACC NR: AP6005699

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0079/65/007/002/0207/0207

AUTHOR: Hallon, J.; Svorad, D.

18

B

ORG: none

TITLE: Simple instrument for the reduction of the speed of supply of electroencephalographic paper [This paper was presented at the Third Interdisciplinary Conference on Experimental and Clinical Study of Higher Nervous Functions held in Marianske Lazne from 19 to 23 October 1964.]

SOURCE: Activitas nervosa superior, v. 7, no. 2, 1965, 207

TOPIC TAGS: EEG, medical laboratory instrument, electrophysiology

ABSTRACT: The authors described the instrument which they designed using spur gears. The instrument is designed to reduce speed of the paper from 7.5 to 1.85 mm/sec. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 HW

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

HALLON, J.; SVORAD, D.

A simple device for reducing the speed of electroencephalographic paper. Activ. nerv. sup. (Praga) 7 no. 2:207 '65

HALLIK, Osvald; ARAK, A., red.

[Agrochemistry] Agrokeemia. Tallinn, Eesti Riiklik
Kirjastus, 1963. 431 p. (MIRA 1E:1)

REJHOVEC, Vaclav, Praha 2, Na Slupi 4; KADLECOVA, Ludmila; HALLEROVA, Eva

Waaler-Rose-Heller-Svartz reaction (hemagglutination of sensitized sheep erythrocytes) in Marie-Strumpel-Bechterev disease. Cas.lek. cesk. 95 no.33-34:897-902 24 Aug 56.

1. Vyzkumny ustav chorob reumaticich, Praha, red. prof. MUDr Frant. Lenoch

(SPONDYLITIS, ANKYLOSING, diag.

Waaler-Rose reaction (Cz))

(HEMAGGLUTINATION, in various dis.

Waaler-Rose reaction in ankylosing spondylitis (Cz))

HALLER, Tibor, dr.

Syphilis control at the dermato-venereologic dispensary in the capital. Borgyogy. vener. szemle 9 no.3:65-70 May 55

1. A Budapest Varosi Box-Nemibeteggondozo Intezet (igazgato: Karolyi Istvan dr.) keslemenye.

(SYPHILLIS, prevention and control
in Hungary, dermato-venereol. dispensary in Budapest)

LISEANU, Adrian, ing.; FLOREA, Valer, ing.; CIUPERCEANU, V., ing.;
HALLER, Terezia, chim.

Experimental studies on the quality of enameled products for
household goods. Industria usoara 10 no.4:157-161 Ap '63.

HALLER, O.

Simple equipment for moisture resistance testing. Sdel tech
12 no.7257 Jl '64

HALLER, Konstanty, mgr inz.

Polish and Czechoslovak cooperation in the construction industry. Przegl budowl i bud mieszk 35 no.8:338 Ag'63.

1. Dyrektor Departamentu Techniki i Biura Wspolpracy Gospodarczej z Zagranica, Ministerstwo Budownictwa i Materiałów Budowlanych, Warszawa.

AAMISEPP, I.; EICHENBAUM, E.; HALLER, E.; KAARLI, K.; KILK, E.;
KIVI, V.; KOTKAS, H.; KOJUS, H.; LEIVATEGLJA, L.; LIIV, J.;
LÄNTS, L.; NÄLKSOO, A.; PEDAJA, V.; POLNA, H.; RANDALU, I.;
RUUGE, J.; SEKSEL, H.; TOOMRE, R.; TUPITS, H.; TUUL, S.;
TÖNISSON, H.; TÄÄGER, A.; VIIRAND, M.; VAHENÖMM, K.; ANAK, A.,
red.

[Plant breeding] Taimekasvatus. Tallinn, Eesti Raamat, 1964.
813 p. [In Estonian] (MIA 18:1)

HALLER, E.

Improvements in harvesting the sweet clover fields. p. 15

SÖTSILISTLIK POLLUMAJAUS. POLLUMANDUSTRIISI KIRJ.
Tallin, Hungary. No. 1, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EAAI) IC, Vol. 8, no.11
November 1959.

Uncl.

HALLER, A.; PLANSE, GY.

The iron combine in Szatalinvaros. p. 195

Vol. 115, no. 4, Apr. 1956
TELEGRAMS OF THE PLANT
Budapest, Hungary

Sources: East European Accession List. Library of Congress
Vol. 5, No. 8, August 1956

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HALLER, Cezary

Electric power plants in France. Energetyka Pol 17 no. 7:
217-220 J1 '63.

HALLER, C.

Typical damages of the La Mont boilers of the Swedish Machinery plant. p.23?
(ENERGETYKA. Vol. 10, no. 5, Sept./Oct. 1956. Stalingrad.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) 1C, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957. Uncl.

AKHIEV, S.

The use of centralized fuel delivery of the in North Ossetia, i.e.
Ministry ("Ministerstvo byurotych") Statisticheskii
Uch. No. 1, Jan./ob. 1967

30. Regarding the Accounting of the Fuel, i.e., the consumption of
So. According to the Accounting of the Fuel, i.e., the consumption of

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B19

HULL, C.

RDP

Lability of serum-albumin and globulin. B. Halle and S. Cerlek
(Acta med. jugoslav., 1951, 6, 159-175).--Daily fluctuations in
the serum albumin/globulin quotient occur, as shown by studies on
14 persons. Administration of mercurial diuretics, acetylcholine,
and adrenaline increased the variations, but changes produced were
reversible.
S. S. B. GURK.

HUNGARY

HALLAY, Imre, Dr., HARAGZTI, Antal, Dr., GAL, Tibor, Dr; Hospital of the Heves Megye Council, I. Medical Ward and Department of Pathology (Heves Megyei Tanacs Korhaza, I. Belosztaly es Korbonctani Osztaly).

"Polyarteritis Nodosa With Leukemoid Blood Findings."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 32, 11 Aug 1963, pages 1514-1516.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The authors report a case of poly-arteritis nodosa which was accompanied by a leukemoid blood picture. The high number of eosinophile cells facilitated the diagnosis. The effect of corticosteroid therapy is discussed. 1 Hungarian, 9 Western references.

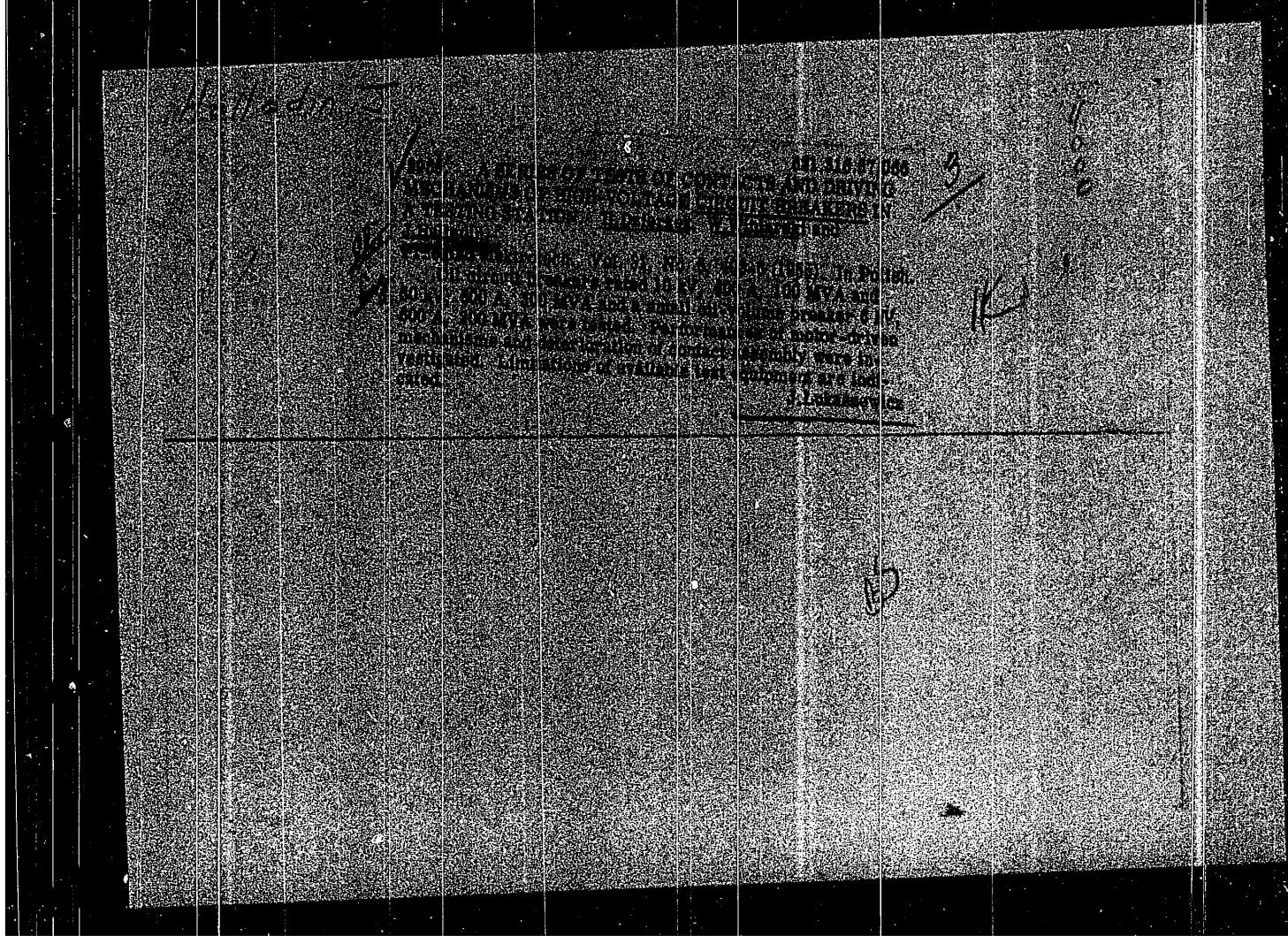
RINGELHANN, Bela, dr.,; HALLAY, Imre, dr.

Acute eosinophilic leukemia. Orv. hetil. 96 no. 45:1253-1257
6 Nov 55.

1. A Hevesmegye Tanassa Korhazanak, Eger (igazgato: Bocz Sandor dr.) Laboratoriumnak (foorvos: Ringelhann Bela dr.) es I. sz. Belosztalyanak (foorvos: Hallay Imre dr.) kozlemenye.

(LEUKEMIA,
eosinophilic, acute)

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

HALKOVICS, Laszlo

"Course in industrial statistics" by D.V.Savinskiy. Stat szerele
40 no.7:781-783 Jl '62.

HALKOVICS, Laszlo

"Comparing productivity of construction industry enterprises"
by J. Hirdes. Reviewed by Laszlo Halkovics. Stat szemle 37
no.4:464-465 Ap '59.

AY, Janos, dr., adjunktus; HALKOVICS, Laszlo

Debates of dissertations for candidacy. Stat szemle 42
no.8/9:910-916 Ag-S '64.

1. Karl Marx University of Economic Sciences, Budapest (for Ay).
2. Deputy Division Chief, Institute of Industrial Economics
and Plant Organization, Ministry of Heavy Industry, Budapest
(for Halkovics).

ALKOVICS, László

Official Industrial censusses in Hungary between 1966 and 1971.
Stat szemle 43 no.1, 50-71. Sz. 165.

I. Deputy Division Chief, Institute of Industrial Planning
and Plant Organization of the Ministry of Heavy Industry
Budapest.

PELACH, A.; HALKO, J.

Perforation of the interventricular septum in myocardial infarct. Bratisl. lek. listy 2 no. 12: 723-732 '63

1. Interne oddelenie Vojenskej nemocnice v Bratislave;
veduci: MUDr. A.Pelach.

*

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

HALION,J.; SVORAD, D.

A universal stereotaxic instrument. Activ. nerv. sup. 6 no.1:
52-53 '64

HALINSKA-LEZONOWA, Alina; ZIELINA, Jan

A case of ovarian interstitial ~~tissue~~. Pol. tyg. lek. 19 no.11:
397-399 9 Mr '64.

1. Z Oddzialu Polozniczo-Ginekologicznego Wojewodzkiego Szpitala
M.S.W. w Katowicach (kierownik: dr Roman Tarnowski; konsultant:
prof. dr Mieczyslaw Glowinski).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800017-6

HALINOWSKI J.

Higiena pracy robotników portowych (Work hygiene of Port workers) by J. Halinowski.
Reported in New Books (Nowe Ksiazki.) March 1, 1956.

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; ARMATA, Jozef; CHAMIEC, Stanislaw

low protein and purine-free diets in acute leukemia in children.
preliminary report. Pediat. Pol. 40 no.8:781-790 Ag '65.

I. z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Krakowie (Kierownik: prof.
dr. med. B. Halikowski).

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; DEPIAK, Otmar; DEPOWSKI, Marian; KUCHAWSKA, Krystyna;
RYBAKOWA, Maria

Diabetes mellitus "induced" during the course of diabetes mellitus.
Pediat. Pol. 40 no.8:851-855 Ag '65.

l. Z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Krakowie (Kierownik: prof. dr.
med. B. Halikowski) i z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej AM w Krakowie
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. J. Kowalczykowa).

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; oraz współpracownicy: EJSMONT, Leokadia; FOLTYN,
Halina; KUROWSKA-TAYLOR, Aleksandra; LEWANDOWSKA, Janina;
STOPYROWA, Janina; WYSZKOWSKI, Jerzy

Clinical syndromes in changes of the extracellular osmolality
and volemia associated with severe pneumonia in children. Pt.l.
Pediat. Pol. 40 no.7:657-668 Jl '65.

1. Z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Krakowie (Kierownik: prof.
dr. med. B. Halikowski).

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HALIKOWSKI, Boleslaw

Franciszek Groér, M.D. Pediat. Pol. 40 no.6:553-555 Je 165.

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw prof. dr.; ARMATA, Jerzy; GARMICZ, Stanislaw

Is there a relationship between the course of acute leukemia and
its prognosis and pathogenesis in children? Ped. Pol. 40 no.4:
345-354 Ap'65.

1. Z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci Akademii Medycznej w Krakowie
(Kierownik: prof. dr. B. Halikowski).

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; GOSCIMSKA, Zofia; GUMIŃSKA, Maria

Effect of leucine on glyceria in diabetes in children. Pediat.
Pol. 39 no.6:639-650 Ja '64.

1. z II Kliniki Chorób Dzieci Akademii Medycznej w Krakowie
(Kierownik: prof. dr med. B. Halikowski) i z Zakładu Chorób
Fizjologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Krakowie (Kierownik: prof.
dr R. Skarszyński [deceased]).

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; OCHIMOWSKA-DILAJ, Maria; FOLTYN, Halina; KUROWSKA-TAYLOR, Aleksandra

Symptomatology and clinical variants of hypercalcemia in children.
Pediat. pol. 37 no.8:805-815 Ag '62.

l. Z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Gdansku Kierownik: doc. dr med.
B. Halikowski.

(HYPERCALCEMIA)

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; WOJNAROWSKI, Marian

Considerations on the problem of dietetic procedures in kidney diseases in children. Pediat pol 36 no.12:1223-1230 D '61.

l. z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Gdansku Kierownik: doc. dr med. B. Halikowski i z Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. R. Baransku.
(KIDNEY DISEASES nutrition & diets)

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw

Symptomatology and clinical course of hypernatremic forms of tuberculous meningoencephalitis in children. Pediat.polska 35 no.11:1305-1316 N '60.

1. Z Oddzialu Pediatricznego Instytutu Gruzlicy w Sanatorium im. J.Marchlewskiego w Otwocku, Dyrektor Instytutu: prof. dr med. J.Misiewicz [deceased], Kierownik Oddzialu: prof. dr med. Fr.Groer.

(SODIUM blood)
(TUBERCULOSIS MENINGEAL blood)

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; EJSMONT, Leokadia; FOLTYN, Halina

Intravenous infusions for the modification of the osmotic pressure
in acute and subacute diseases in children. I. Principles and
methods. Pediat.polska 35 no.10:1181-1199 0 '60.

1. Z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci A.M. w Gdansku, Kierownik: doc.
dr med. B.Halikowski.

(PEDIATRICS ther)

(INFUSIONS PARENTERAL in inf & child)

(OSMOSIS)

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; KLITA, Stefan

Level of Cl⁻ ions in the cerebrospinal fluid and changes of extra-cellular osmolarity in tuberculosis cerebral meningitis in children.
Pediatria polska 34 no.10: 1273-1288 0 '59.

1. Z Oddzialu Dzieciecego Instytutu Gruzdlicy w Sanatorium im. J. Marchlewskiego w Otwocku. Kierownik: prof.dr. F. Gröer.

(CHLORIDES cerebrospinal fluid)
(TUBERCULOSIS MENINGEAL metab.)
(OSMOSIS)

HALIKOWSKI, Boguslaw; ZALEWSKI, Bohdan

Results of the treatment of the so-called cerebral form of tuberculous meningitis with adrenal cortex hormones. Pediat. polska 34 no.9:1139-1146 Sept 59.

- l. Z Oddzialu Pediatricznego Instytutu Gruzlicy w Sanatorium im.
J. Marchlewskiego w Otwocku, Dyrektor Instytutu: prof. dr med.
J. Misiewicz Kierownik Oddzialu: prof. dr med. Fr. Groer.
(ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES, ther.)
(TUBERCULOSIS MENINGEAL, ther.)